

CSC 4170
Web Intelligence and Social Computing
Homework Assignment #2
Sample Answer

1,

(a) (10 marks)

	Alice	Bob	David	Cathy
Alice	0	3	4	0
Bob	3	0	8	1
David	4	8	0	0
Cathy	0	1	0	0

(b) (10 marks)

	Alice	Bob	David	Cathy
Alice	0	1	1	0
Bob	1	0	1	1
David	1	1	0	0
Cathy	0	1	0	0

2.

(a) (8 marks)

The eccentricity ϵ of the vertex v is the greatest distance (the distance means minimum distance here) between v and any other vertex.

$$\text{eccentricity}(A) = \max(AB, AD, AC) = \max(3, 2, 1) = 3$$

ref:

<http://mathworld.wolfram.com/GraphDistance.html>

(b) (6 marks)

The radius of a graph is the minimum eccentricity of any vertex.

$$\text{eccentricity}(A) = \max(AB, AD, AC) = \max(3, 2, 1) = 3$$

$$\text{eccentricity}(B) = \max(BA, BC, BD) = \max(3, 2, 3) = 3$$

$$\text{eccentricity}(C) = \max(CA, CB, CD) = \max(1, 2, 1) = 2$$

$$\text{eccentricity}(D) = \max(DA, DB, DC) = \max(2, 3, 1) = 3$$

$$\text{radius} = 2$$

(c) (6 marks)

The diameter of a graph is the maximum eccentricity of any vertex in the graph.

$$\text{diameter} = 3$$

3.

(a) (10 marks)

of strongly connected components: 2

1,2,3

4,5,6

(b) (10 marks)

of weakly connected components: 1

1,2,3,4,5,6

4(a) (10 marks)

For undirected graphs, the graph density is:

$$D = \frac{2|E|}{|V|(|V| - 1)}$$

density = $2*8/(5*(5-1))=0.8$

(b) (10 marks)

Let $G=(V,E)$ with n vertices, the Degree centrality $C_D(v)$ for a vertex v is defined as

$$C_D(v) = \frac{\text{deg}(v)}{n - 1}$$

$C_D(A) = 3/4 = 0.75$

$C_D(B) = 3/4 = 0.75$

$C_D(C) = 4/4 = 1$

$C_D(D) = 3/4 = 0.75$

$C_D(E) = 3/4 = 0.75$

5. (20 marks)

For undirected graphs, the graph density is:

$$D = \frac{2|E|}{|V|(|V| - 1)}$$

Graph with 5 nodes, and 6 edges.