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Outline



Question Retrieval

- Motivation
- Lexical-based Approach
- Syntactic-based Approach
- Question Recommendation
 - Motivation
 - MDL-based Tree Cut Model
 - Topic-enhanced Translation-based Language Model
- Question Subjectivity Analysis
 - Motivation
 - Supervised Approach
 - Semi-Supervised Approach
 - Data-driven Approach





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Answers.com

YAHOO! ANSWERS





joogle



- Knowledge dissemination, information seeking
- Natural language questions
- Explicit, self-contained answers



Home > All Categories > Consumer Electronics > Land Phones > Resolved Question



Resolved Question

Illeag

Why do peoples' voices sound different when they're talking on the phone?

Some people say I sound like my mom when I'm talking to them on the phone, which I think is sort of weird... because I was adopted...

Today I was talking to my boyfriend on the phone... This was the first time Ive talked to him on the phone... (we've only been going out for like a week). His voice sounded a little deeper or something. Or could that just be because he was nervous?

4 years ago

P Report Abuse

Show me another »

_	

Action Bar

Best Answer - Chosen by Asker

Asker's Rating: *****

One major reason for voices sounding different is that the frequency response of the telephone system is limited. The range of the human ear can extend right up 20kHz or more, especially in younger people. A connection over the telephone has a much narrower bandwidth, typically restricting the highest frequencies transmitted to a little over 3kHz in many cases.

That's adequate to convey intelligible speech, but naturally it changes the sound of the voice subtly by filtering out the ling interprint of the same sort of effect as you would get by listening to your favorite record on A.M. radio versus listening to it on F.M. or firm a CD.

The telphone also reduces frequencies at the very lowest end of the audible range as well.

4 years ago 259 pe Asker's Ra Thanks =) Report Abuse

265 🕁 Interesting! 🔻 🖂 Email 🛛 Comment (9) 🛛 🕂 Save 🕶

Artificial Neural Networks Machine Learning 2 Edit

How do convolutional neural networks work? # EM

Especially, what kind of benefits does convolution give you? Dear Comment - Deat (1) - Wiki - Options - Redirect Question

2 Answers - Create Answer Wiki

Mikio L. Braun, Ph.D. in machine learning, 10+ years ...

See.

3 votes by Kat Li, Barak Cohen, and Lucian Sasu
 Convolutional neural networks work like learnable local filters.

The best example is probably their application to computer vision. The first step in

image analysis is often to perform some local filtering of the image, for example, to enhance edges in the image.

You do this by taking the neighborhood of each pixel and convolve 4 with a certain mask (set dweights). Basically you compute a linear combination of those pixels. For example, if you have a positive weight on the center pixel and negative weights on the surrounding pixels you compute the difference between the center pixel and the surrounding yoing you a calk kail of edge detector.

Now you can either put that filter in there by hand or learn the right filter through a convolutional neural network. If we consider the simplest case, you have an input layer representing all poiles in your image while the output layer representing the filter responses. Each node in the output layer is connected to a pixel and its neighborhood in the input layer. So far, so good. What makes convolutional neural networks special is that the works are also thated, that is, they are the same for different pixels in the image four different with respect to the position relative to the center pixel). That way you effectively learn a filter, which also turns out to be suited to the problem you are triving to learn.

P Comment - Ø Post - Thank - Sep 29, 2011

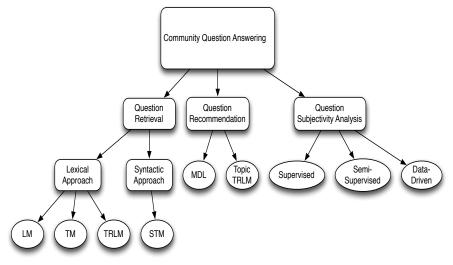


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Advantages of Community Question Answering

- Could solve information needs that are personal, heterogeneous, specific, open-ended, and cannot be expressed as a short query
- No single Web page will directly answer these complex and heterogeneous needs, CQA users should understand and answer better than a machine
- Have accumulated rich knowledge
 - More than one billion posted answers in Yahoo! Answers http://yanswersblog.com/index.php/archives/2010/05/03/1-billionanswers-served/
 - More than 190 million resolved questions in Baidu Zhidao
 - In China, 25% of Google's top-search-results page contain at least one link to some Q&A site, Si et al., VLDB, 2010





and

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Motivation

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Ask a Question

Home > Ask Question

What's Your Question

What should i do if my laptop got blue screen?

You have 64 characters left.

Now add a little more detail (optional)

Make sure your question follows the community guidelines.

Continue



Problem and Opportunity

Problem

- Askers need to wait some time to get an answer, time lag
- 15% of the questions do not receive any answer in Yahoo! Answers, which is one of the first CQA sites on the Web
- Opportunity
 - 25% questions in certain categories are recurrent, Anna, Gideon and Yoelle, WWW, 2012
- Answer new questions by reusing past resolved questions
- Question Retrieval: find semantically similar past questions for a new question



Question Retrieval Example

Search

What should i do if my laptop got blue screen?

Search Y! Answers

Sort by: Relevance | Newest 🖾 | Most Answers 📼



What should I do if I keep getting the "blue screen of death" for my Windows7 laptop?

...I keep getting the blue screen of death telling me that the pc is getting prepared for a... scary to imagine what would happen if I wasn't. I just bought this Windows7 Toshiba laptop from office depot in the summer...to crash (so early)? What should I do?

In Laptops & Notebooks - Asked by nelson316@verizon.net - 4 answers - 4 months ago



I just got a random blue screen of death, should I be worried?

...just suddenly got a random blue screen of death. Ive never got one on this laptop before, and Ive had no problems with my laptop at all until this bsod..., It said that if it was my first time...free. I don't even remember what sites I was on..., with no problems. I do remember that the programs...off bsod like my old laptop? Or should I be worried?...

1 😭 In Other - Hardware - Asked by Kaylee - 6 answers - 2 weeks ago

н

why is my laptop showing the blue screen?

...to it, so I'm not sure if they could have done anything, but now when i turn my laptop on i would get a blue screen saying all this jumble...a boot disk, so i dont know what else should i do. Any help/advice? ☆ In Laptops & Notebooks - Asked by doodle - 6 answers - 5 years ago



Laptop blue screen problem!!!?

...malicious URL block and then this **blue screen** comes up and **my laptop** turns off and asks **me if I** want to go into safe mode. **What should I do**? Is there any way...for a new **laptop** cause **I got** low practice SAT scores...

In Laptops & Notebooks - Asked by Mathhew Colman - 5 answers - 10 months ago

sony vaio **blue screen** problem, **what should i do**? please help?



Benefit of Question Retrieval

- Provide an alternative to automatic question answering
- Help askers get an answer in a timely manner
- Guide answerers to answer unique questions, better utilize users' answering passion



Notations

Symbol	Description			
Q	A new question			
D	A candidate question			
·	Length of the text			
С	Background collection			
W	A term in the new question			
t	A term in a candidate question			

What should i do if my laptop got olue screen? Search Y! Answers				
Sor	t by: Relevance Newest I Most Answers I			
	What should I do if I keep getting the "blue screen of death" for my Windows7[laptop]			
	Likerg getting the blue screen of death telling me that the pc is getting prepared for a carry to imagine what would happen if I want. I just bought this Windows? Toshibia laptop from office depot in the summerto crash (so early)? What should 1 d?? What should 1 d?? What happen is the same set is morths ago.			
4	I just got a random blue screen of death, should I be worried? just sudderly got a random blue screen of death. Ye never got one on the slappe before, and Ye had no prolems with my laptop at all until this bod Is said that if it was my first timefee. I don't even remember what sites I was onwith no problems. I do never memory that the programsof bed like my old Japtop? Or should I be worried? 1 m hotter-Harmae-Sketd My Starle - 5 answers - zweeks ago			
	why is my laptop showing the blue screen? to it, so I'm not sure if they could have dene anything, but new when i turn my laptop on i would get a blue screen saying all this jumbles boot disk, so I dont know what else should i de. Any helpladxice? W in Laptops & Nodebook - Acked by docide: - 6 snowers - 5 years ago			
4	Laptop blue screen problem!!!? maicous URL block and then this blue screen comes up and my laptop times day way. The series of the screen screen within a screen day to the screen screen screen screen screen screen screen screen screen screen within Laptops & Hotebooks - Asked by Mathew Coman - 5 answers - 10 months ago			
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Lexical-based Approach: Language Model

- In language modeling, similarity between a query and a document is given by the probability of generating the query from the document language model
- Unigram language model, i.i.d. sampling

$$P(Q|D) = \prod_{w \in Q} P(w|D)$$

 In question retrieval syntax, query is the new question, document is a candidate question



Lexical-based Approach: Language Model

• To avoid zero probabilities and estimate more accurate language models, documents are smoothed using a background collection

$$P(w|D) = (1 - \lambda)P_{ml}(w|D) + \lambda P_{ml}(w|C)$$

• λ is a smoothing parameter, $0 \le \lambda \le 1$

$$P_{ml}(w|D) = rac{termfrequency(w, D)}{\sum\limits_{w' \in D} termfrequency(w', D)}$$

• Maximum likelihood estimator to calculate $P_{ml}(\cdot)$



LM	
Advantage	Simple
Disadvantage	Lexical Gap

• Lexical Gap, two questions that have the same meaning use very different wording

- Is downloading movies illegal?
- Can I share a copy of a DVD online?
- Jiwoon Jeon, W. Bruce Croft and Joon Ho Lee, Finding Similar Questions in Large Question and Answer Archives, CIKM, 2005



$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Language Model} \\ P(w|D) &= (1 - \lambda) P_{ml}(w|D) + \lambda P_{ml}(w|C) \\ & \text{Translation Model} \\ P(w|D) &= (1 - \lambda) \sum_{t \in D} (T(w|t) P_{ml}(t|D)) + \lambda P_{ml}(w|C) \end{aligned}$$

• T(w|t) is the probability that word w is the translation of word t, denotes semantic similarities between words



Table: Questions share few common words, but may have high semantic relatedness according to translation model

Id like to insert music into PowerPoint.

How can I link sounds in PowerPoint?

How can I shut down my system in Dos-mode.

How to turn off computers in Dos-mode.

Photo transfer from cell phones to computers.

How to move photos taken by cell phones.

Which application can run bin files?

I download a game. How can I execute bin files?



Rank	$^{\mathrm{bmp}}$	format	music	intel	excel	font	watch	memory
1	bmp	format	music	pentium	excel	font	watch	memory
2	jpg	format*	file	4	korean	korean	time	virtual
3	gif	xp	tag	celeron	function	97	background	shortage
4	save	windows	sound	amd	novice	add	start	ram
5	file	hard	background	intel	cell	download	date	message
6	picture	98	song	performance	disappear	control-panel	display	configuration
7	change	partition	play	support	convert	register	tray	256
8	ms-paint	drive	mp3	question	if	install	power	extend
9	convert	disk	cd	buy	xls	default	screen	system
10	photo	С	source	cpu	record	photoshop	wrong	windows

Figure: The first row shows the source words and each column shows top 10 words that are most semantically similar to the source word. A higher rank means a larger T(w|t) value



- How to learn T(w|t)?
 - Prepare a monolingual parallel corpus of pairs of text, each pair should be semantically similar
 - Employ machine translation model IBM model 1 on the parallel corpus to learn T(w|t)
- How this paper prepares monolingual parallel corpus
 - Each pair contains two questions whose answers are very similar



- Delphine Bernhard and Iryna Gurevych, Combining Lexical Semantic Resources with Question & Answer Archives for Translation-Based Answer Finding, ACL, 2009
- Propose and several methods to prepare parallel monolingual corpora
 - $\bullet~$ Question answer pairs: question \leftrightarrow answer
 - Question reformulation pairs: question \leftrightarrow question reformulation by user



RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question Why iare clouds white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 17:03

RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question What makes the clouds appeared to be white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 16:44

RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question Why does Clouds appear white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 16:44

RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question Why do clouds appear white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 16:43

RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question Why do clouds look white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 16:43

RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question Why do clouds in the sky appear white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 16:43

RUClimate (supervisor) [332] merged the question How does the cloud is white into Why are clouds white 9 Feb 2012 16:43



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Community Question Answering

- Lexical Semantic Resources: glosses and definitions for the same lexeme in different lexical semantic and encyclopedic resources can be considered as near-paraphrases, since they define the same terms and hence have the same meaning
- moon
 - Wordnet: the natural satellite of the Earth
 - English Wiktionary: the Moon, the satellite of planet Earth
 - English Wikipedia: the Moon (Latin: Luna) is Earth's only natural satellite and the fifth largest natural satellite in the Solar System



Lexical-based Approach: Translation-based Language Model

ТМ	
Advantage	Tackle lexical gap to some extent
Disadvantage	T(w w) = 1 for all w while maintaining other word
	translation probabilities unchanged, produce inconsistent
	probability estimates and make the model unstable

- Xiaobing Xue, Jiwoon Jeon and W. Bruce Croft, Retrieval Models for Question and Answer Archives, SiGIR, 2008
- Translation-based Language Model



Lexical-based Approach: Translation-based Language Model

$$Translation Model$$

$$P(w|D) = (1 - \lambda) \sum_{t \in D} (T(w|t)P_{ml}(t|D)) + \lambda P_{ml}(w|C)$$

$$Translation-based Language Model$$

$$P(w|D) = \frac{|D|}{|D|+\lambda}P_{mx}(w|D) + \frac{\lambda}{|D|+\lambda}P_{ml}(w|C)$$

$$P_{mx}(w|D) = (1 - \beta)P_{ml}(w|D) + \beta \sum_{t \in D} T(w|t)P_{ml}(t|D)$$

- Linear combination of language model and translation model
- Answer part should provide additional evidence about relevance, incorporating the answer part

$$P_{mx}(w|(D,A)) = \alpha P_{ml}(w|D) + \beta \sum_{t \in D} T(w|t) P_{ml}(t|D) + \gamma P_{ml}(w|A)$$

$$\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 1$$



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Syntactic-based Approach: Syntactic Tree Matching

- Some similar questions neither share many common words, nor follow identical syntactic structure
 - How can I lose weight in a few months?
 - Are there any ways of losing pound in a short period?
- Kai Wang, Zhaoyan Ming and Tat-Seng Chua, A Syntactic Tree Matching Approach to Finding Similar Questions in Community-based QA Services, SIGIR, 2009
- Syntactic tree matching



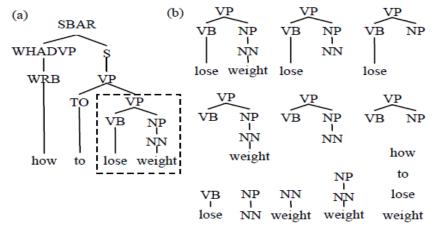


Figure: (a) The Syntactic Tree of the Question "How to lose weight?". (b) Tree Fragments of the Sub-tree covering "lose weight".



Syntactic-based Approach: Syntactic Tree Matching

• Tree kernel: utilize structural or syntactic information to capture higher order dependencies between grammar rules

$$k(T_1, T_2) = \sum_{n_1 \in N_1} \sum_{n_2 \in N_2} C(n_1, n_2)$$

• N_1 , N_2 are sets of nodes in two syntactic trees T_1 and T_2 , and $C(n_1, n_2)$ equals to the number of common fragments rooted in n_1 and n_2



Syntactic-based Approach: Syntactic Tree Matching

• Limitation of tree kernel

- Tree kernel function merely replies on the intuition of counting the common number of sub-trees, whereas the number might not be a good indicator of the similarity between two questions
- Two evaluated sub-trees have to be identical to allow further parent matching, for which semantic representations cannot fit in well

Syntactic tree matching

- A new weighting scheme for tree fragments that are robust against some grammatical errors
- Incorporate semantic features



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Motivation

- Question Recommendation
 - Retrieve and rank other questions according to their likelihood of being good recommendations of the queried question
 - A good recommendation provides alternative aspects around users' interest



Example

Queried question:

Any cool clubs in Berlin or Hamburg?

Question search:

What are the best/most fun clubs in Berlin?

Question recommendation

How far is it from Berlin to Hamburg?

Where to see between Hamburg and Berlin?

Hong long does it take to get to Hamburg from Berlin on the train?

Cheap hotel in Hamburg?



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• MDL-based Tree Cut Model

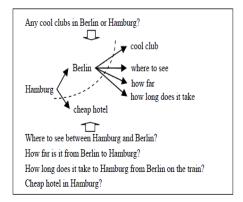
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- Yunbo Cao, Huizhong Duan, Chin-Yew Lin, Yong Yu and Hsiao-Wuen Hon, Recommending Questions Using the MDL-based Tree Cut Model, WWW, 2008
- Step 1: Represent questions as graphs of topic terms
- Step 2: Rank recommendations on the basis of the graphs
- Formalize both steps as the tree-cutting problems and employ the MDL (Minimum Description Length) for selecting the best cuts

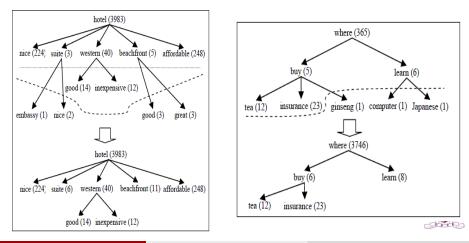


- Question
 - Any cool clubs in Berlin or Hamburg?
- Question topic
 - Major context/constraint of a question, characterize users' interests
 - Berlin, Hamburg
- Question focus
 - Certain aspect of the question topic
 - cool club
- Suggest alternative aspects of the queries question topic





- Extraction of topic terms: base noun phrase, WH-ngram
- Reduction of topic terms: MDL-based tree cut model



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- Topic profile
 - Probability distribution of categories $\{p(c|t)\}_{c \in C}$
 - $p(c|t) = \frac{count(c,t)}{\sum_{c \in C} count(c,t)}$
 - count(c, t) is the frequency of the topic term t within the category c
- Specificity
 - Inverse of the entropy of the topic profile
 - Topic term of high specificity usually specifies question topic
 - Topic term of low specificity is usually used to represent question focus
- Topic chain
 - Topic chain is a sequence of ordered topic terms sorted from big to small according to specificity
- Question tree
 - Prefix tree built over topic chains of the question set Q



• Ranking recommendation candidates

- Determine what topic terms (question focus) should be substituted
 - Collect a set of topic chains Q^c = {q_i^c}_{i=1}^N such that at least one topic term occurs in both q^c and q_i^c
 - Construct a question tree from the set of topic chains $Q^c \bigcup q^c$
 - Employ MDL to separate topic chains into Head, H and Tail, T
- Score recommendation candidates rendered by various substitutions
 - Specificity: the more similar are $H(q^c)$ and $H(\hat{q}^c)$, the higher score
 - Generality: the more similar are $T(q^c)$ and $T(\hat{q}^c)$, the lower score



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Question Recommendation: TopicTRLM

- Tom Chao Zhou, Chin-Yew Lin, Irwin King, Michael R. Lyu, Young-In Song and Yunbo Cao, Learning to Suggest Questions in Online Forums, AAAI, 2011
- Suggest semantically related questions in online forums
 - How is Orange Beach in Alabama?
 - Is the water pretty clear this time of year on Orange Beach?
 - Do they have chair and umbrella rentals on Orange Beach?
 - Topic: travel in Orange Beach
- Fuse both lexical and latent semantic information



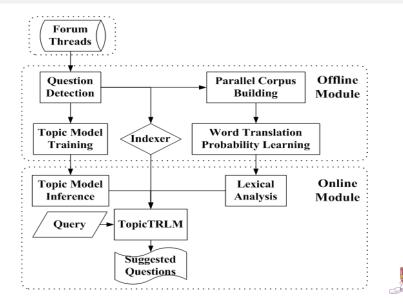
Question Recommendation: TopicTRLM

Document representation

- Bag-of-words
 - Independent
 - Fine-grained representation
 - Lexically similar
- Topic model
 - Assign a set of latent topic distributions to each word
 - Capturing important relationships between words
 - Coarse-grained representation
 - Semantically related



Question Recommendation: TopicTRLM



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Question Subjectivity Analysis

- Question Analysis is to analyze characteristics of questions
- Understand User Intent
- Provide rich information to guestion search, guestion recommendation, answer quality prediction, etc.
- Question Subjectivity Analysis is an important aspect of question analysis



Question Subjectivity Analysis: Definition

Subjective question

- Private statements
- Personal opinion and experience
- What's the difference between chemotherapy and radiation treatments?

Objective question

- Objective, verifiable information
- Often with support from reliable sources
- Has anyone got one of those home blood pressure monitors? and if so what make is it and do you think they are worth getting?



Question Subjectivity Analysis: Motivation

- More accurately identify similar questions, improve question search
- Better rank or filter the answers based on whether an answer matches the question orientation
- Crucial component of inferring user intent, a long-standing problem in Web search
- Route subjective questions to users for answer, trigger automatic factual question answering system for objective questions



Question Subjectivity Analysis: Challenge

- Ill-formatted, e.g., word capitalization may be incorrect or missing, consecutive words may be concatenated
- Ungrammatical, include common online idioms, e.g., using "u" means "you", "2" means "to"



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Question Subjectivity Analysis: Supervised Learning

- Baoli Li, Yandong Liu, Ashwin Ram, Ernest V. Garcia and Eugene Agichtein, Exploring Question Subjectivity Prediction in Community QA, SIGIR, 2008
- Support Vector Machine with linear kernel
- Features
 - Character 3-gram
 - Word
 - Word + character 3-gram
 - Word n-gram
 - Word POS n-gram, mix of word and POS tri-grams
- Term weighting schemes: binary, TF, TF*IDF



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Question Subjectivity Analysis: Semi-Supervised Learning



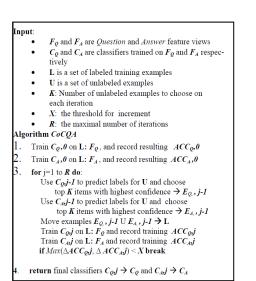
Figure: Yahoo Answers Example.

 Baoli Li, Yandong Liu and Eugene Agichtein, CoCQA: Co-Training Over Questions and Answers with an Application to Predicting Question Subjectivity Orientation, EMNLP, 2008

- Incorporate relationships between questions and corresponding answers
- Co-training, two views of the data, question and answer



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- At step 1,2, each category has top K_j most confident examples chosen as additional "labeled" data
- Terminate when the increments of both classifiers are less than threshold X or maximum number of iterations are exceeded



Question Subjectivity Analysis: Semi-Supervised Learning

- Obtain two classifiers after CoCQA terminates
- Classify a new example with two classifiers based on both of the feature sets
- Multiply the confidence values, choose the class that has the highest product



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- Tom Chao Zhou, Xiance Si, Edward Y. Chang, Irwin King and Michael R. Lyu, A Data-Driven Approach to Question Subjectivity Identification in Community Question Answering, AAAI, 2012
- Li et al. 2008 (supervised), Li et al. 2008 (CoCQA, semi-supervised) based on manual labeling data
- Manual labeling data is quite expensive



Web-scale learning is to use available large-scale data rather than hoping for annotated data that isn't available

- Halevy, Norvig and Pereira



Whether we can utilize social signals to collect training data for question subjectivity identification with NO manual labeling?





- Like Signal: like an answer if they find the answer useful
- Intuition
 - Subjective: answers are opinions, different tastes; best answer receives similar number of likes with other answers
 - Objective: like an answer which explains universal truth in most detail; best answer receives high likes than other answers





- Vote Signal: users could vote for best answer
- Intuition
 - Subjective: vote for different answers, support different opinions; low percentage of votes on best answer
 - Objective: easy to identify answer contain the most fact; percentage of votes of best answer is high



Report Abuse

Who invented the computer mouse?

does anyone know who invented the first Computer mouse and when was it invented?

3 years ago

Best Answer - Chosen by Asker

A guy called Engelbart - here it is http://sloan.stanford.edu/MouseSite/Arch...

...mmmmm, sweet!! Source(s): http://inventors.about.com/library/week!...

Inventors of the Modern Computer

The History of the Computer Mouse and the Prototype for Windows - Douglas Engelbart

By Mary Bellis

"It would be wonderful if I can inspire others, who are struggling to realize their dreams, to say "If this country kid could do it, let me keep sloaging away." - Douglas Engelbart

- Source Signal: reference to authoritative resources
- Intuition
 - Only available for objective question that has fact answer



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- Poll and Survey signal
- User intent is to seek opinions
- Very likely to be subjective

- What is something you learned in school that you think is useful to you today?
- If you could be a cartoon character, who would you want to be?



- Answer Number signal: the number of posted answers to each question
- Intuition
 - Subjective: alertpost opinions even they notice there are other answers
 - Objective: may not post answers to questions that has received other answers since an expected answer is usually fixed
 - A large answer number indicate subjectivity
 - A small answer number may be due to many reasons, such as objectivity, small page views



Summary of Social Signals		
Name	Description	Training Data
Like	Capture users' tastes	Positive && Negative
Vote	Reflect users' judgments	Positive && Negative
Source	Measure confidence on authoritativeness	Negative
Poll and Survey	Indicate users' intent	Positive
Answer Number	Imply users' willingness to answer a question	Positive



Features

- Word: term frequency
- Word n-gram: term frequency
- Question length: information needs of subjective questions are complex, users use descriptions to explain, larger question length
- Request word: particular words to explicitly indicate their request for seeking opinions; manual list of 9 words



- Subjectivity clue: external lexicon, over 8000 clues, manually compiled word list from news to express opinions
- Punctuation density: density of punctuation marks
- Grammatical modifier: inspired by opinion mining research of using grammatical modifiers on judging users' opinions, adjective and adverb
- Entity: objective question expects fact answer, leading to less relationships among entities, subjective questions contains more descriptions, may involve relatively complex relations



Outline

- Introduction
- Question Retrieval
 - Motivation
 - Lexical-based Approach
 - Syntactic-based Approach
- Question Recommendation
 - Motivation
 - MDL-based Tree Cut Model
 - Topic-enhanced Translation-based Language Model
- 4 Question Subjectivity Analysis
 - Motivation
 - Supervised Approach
 - Semi-Supervised Approach
 - Data-driven Approach





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Thanks for your attention!



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Community Question Answering

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