## CSCI3610: Special Exercise Set 1

Problem 1. Explain how to implement the operation $x \bmod y$ in $O(1)$ time where $x$ and $y$ are positive integers.

Problem 2. For the $k$-selection problem, suppose that the input is an array of 12 elements: (58, $23,98,83,32,24,18,45,85,91,2,34)$. Recall that our randomized algorithm first selects a number $v$ and then recursively solves a subproblem. Suppose that $v=34$ and $k=10$. What is the size of the array for the subproblem?

Problem 3 (Textbook Exercise 9.3-5). The median of a set $S$ of $n$ elements is the $\lfloor n / 2\rfloor$ smallest element in $S$. Suppose that you are given a deterministic algorithm for finding the median of $S$ (stored in an array) in $O(n)$ worst-case time. Using this algorithm as a black box, design another deterministic algorithm for solving the $k$-selection problem (for any $k \in[1, n]$ ) in $O(n)$ worst-case time.

Problem 4. Let $S$ be a set of $n$ distinct integers, and $k_{1}$, $k_{2}$ be arbitrary integers satisfying $1 \leq k_{1} \leq k_{2} \leq n$. Suppose that $S$ is given in an array. Give an $O(n)$ expected time algorithm to report all the integers whose ranks in $S$ are in the range $\left[k_{1}, k_{2}\right.$ ]. Recall that the rank of an integer $v$ in $S$ equals the number of integers in $S$ that are at most $v$.

Problem 5* (Textbook Exercise 9-2). We are given an array that stores a set $S$ of $n$ distinct positive integers. Set $W=\sum_{e \in S} e$. Describe an algorithm to find the element $e^{*} \in S$ that makes both of the following hold:

- $\sum_{e<e^{*}} e<W / 2$
- $\sum_{e>e^{*}} e \leq W / 2$.

Your algorithm should finish in $O(n)$ time ( $O(n)$ expected time is acceptable).
(Hint: First convince yourself that such $e^{*}$ is unique, and then adapt the $k$-selection algorithm).

