



Handling irrelevant data using weighted entropy and harmonic function

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Outline

- Motivation
- Semi-supervised Learning
- Minimize the Weighted Entropy
- Application
- Experiment Result



Motivation

- Classification with irrelevant data or noise;
- Unbalanced situation
- Personalized recommendation



Semi-supervised Learning

- Labeled data set: $L = (x_1, y_1), \dots, (x_l, y_l)$
- Unlabeled data set: $U = x_{l+1}, \dots, x_n, n = l + u$
- Binary label: $y_L \in \{0, 1\}$



Semi-supervised Learning

- Graph $G = (V, E)$
- V : n instances;
- E : two instances are connected if they are similar with each other;
- Weight: represent the similarity between two instances.



Semi-supervised Learning

- Radial Basis Function (RBF)

$$w_{ij} = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\sigma} \sum_{d=1}^m (x_{id} - x_{jd})^2\right), x \in R^m$$



Semi-supervised Learning

- Harmonic function
 - W : weighted matrix
 - D : $D_{ii} = \sum_{j=1}^n w_{ij}$
 - Laplacian matrix of a Graph:

$$L = D - W$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} L_{ll} & L_{lu} \\ L_{ul} & L_{uu} \end{bmatrix}$$



Semi-supervised Learning

$f = \begin{bmatrix} f_l \\ f_u \end{bmatrix}$ is the label of all the instances,

the solution would be:

$$f_l = y_L$$

$$f_u = -L_{uu}^{-1} L_{ul} y_L$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

- Our goal:
 - Query less irrelevant instances
 - Unbalance situation
 - Be more helpful for SSL



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

- Entropy

$$H^*(p) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{y_i=0,1,2} p^*(y_i|L) H\left(\frac{[\text{sgn}(f_i) = y_i]}{n}\right)$$

$$p^*(y_i|L)$$

$$\text{sgn}(f_i)$$

$$H(p) = -p \log(p)$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

$$p^*(y_i = j|L) \approx (f_i)_j, j = 0, 1, 2,$$

$$(f_i)_0 + (f_i)_1 + (f_i)_2 = 1, i = 1, \dots, n$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

$$p_i^*(y_k = j | \{L, x_k\}) \approx f_i^{+\{x_k, y_k\}}, j = 0, 1, 2$$

$$f_u^{+\{x_k, y_k\}} = f_u + (y_k - f_k) \frac{(L_{uu}^{-1})_k}{(L_{uu}^{-1})_{kk}}$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

$$\hat{H}^{+\{k\}}(f) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=0,1,2} (f_i)_j H_{i,j}^{+\{k\}}$$

$$H_{i,j}^{+\{k\}} = -f_{ij}^{+\{x_k\}} \log(f_{ij}^{+\{x_k\}})$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

$$\hat{H}^{+\{k\}}(f) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=0,1,2} \lambda_j (f_i)_j H_{i,j}^{+\{k\}}$$

$$\lambda_0 = \lambda_1 = 1 - \lambda_2$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

Denote $(f_i)_j H_{i,j}^{+\{k\}}$ as $\mathbb{H}_{i,j}^{+\{k\}}$

$\hat{H}^{+\{k\}}(f)$ as $\mathbb{H}^k(f)$

$$\mathbb{H}^k(f) = \sum_{i=1}^n ((1 - \lambda)(\mathbb{H}_{i,0}^{+\{k\}} + \mathbb{H}_{i,1}^{+\{k\}}) + \lambda \mathbb{H}_{i,2}^{+\{k\}})$$



Minimize the Weighted Entropy

$$k = \arg \min_{k'} \mathbb{H}^{k'}(f)$$



Application

- Personalized new recommendation
 - Initialize as user's preference
 - Query relevant news
 - More precise classification



Example

Sports News

International News

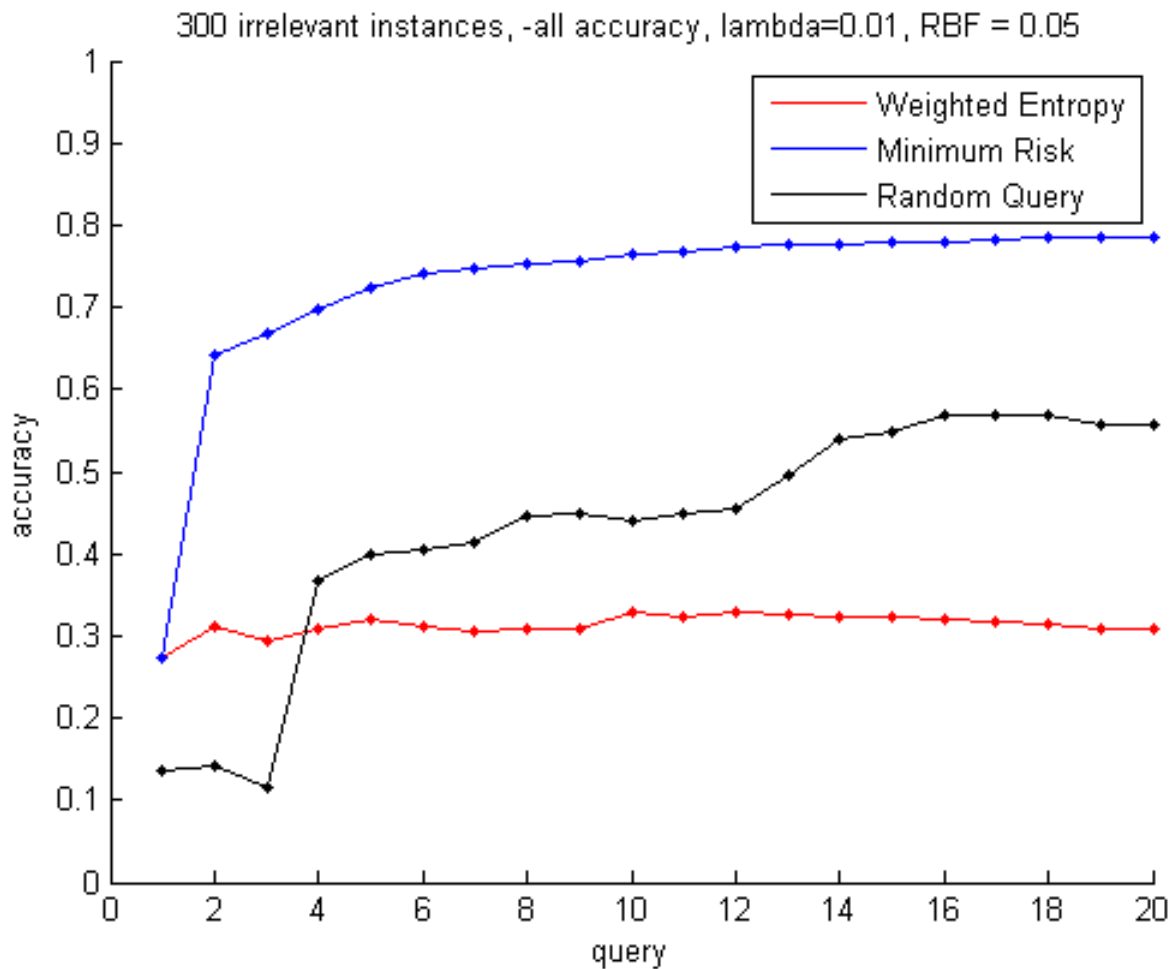
Financial News

Military News

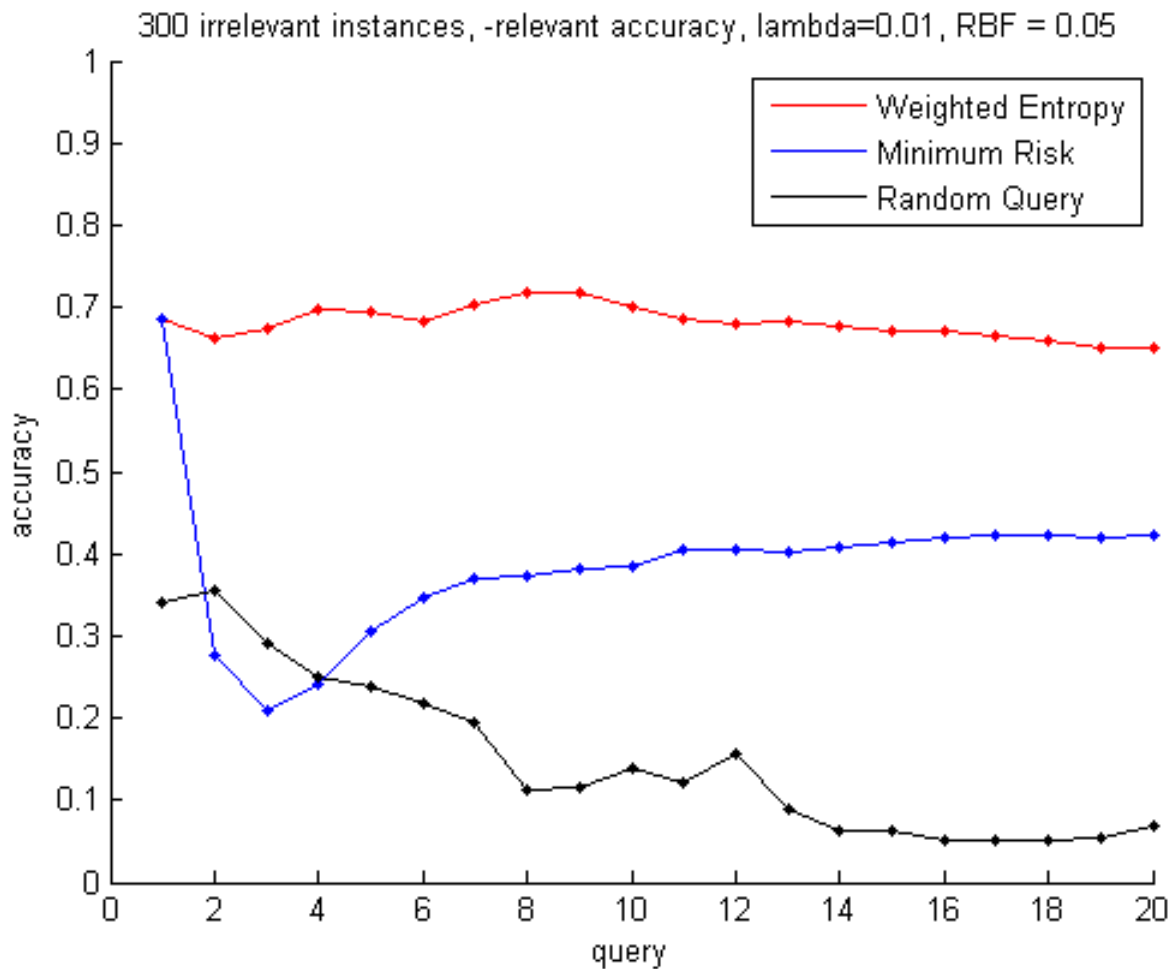
Scientific News

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Experiment Result

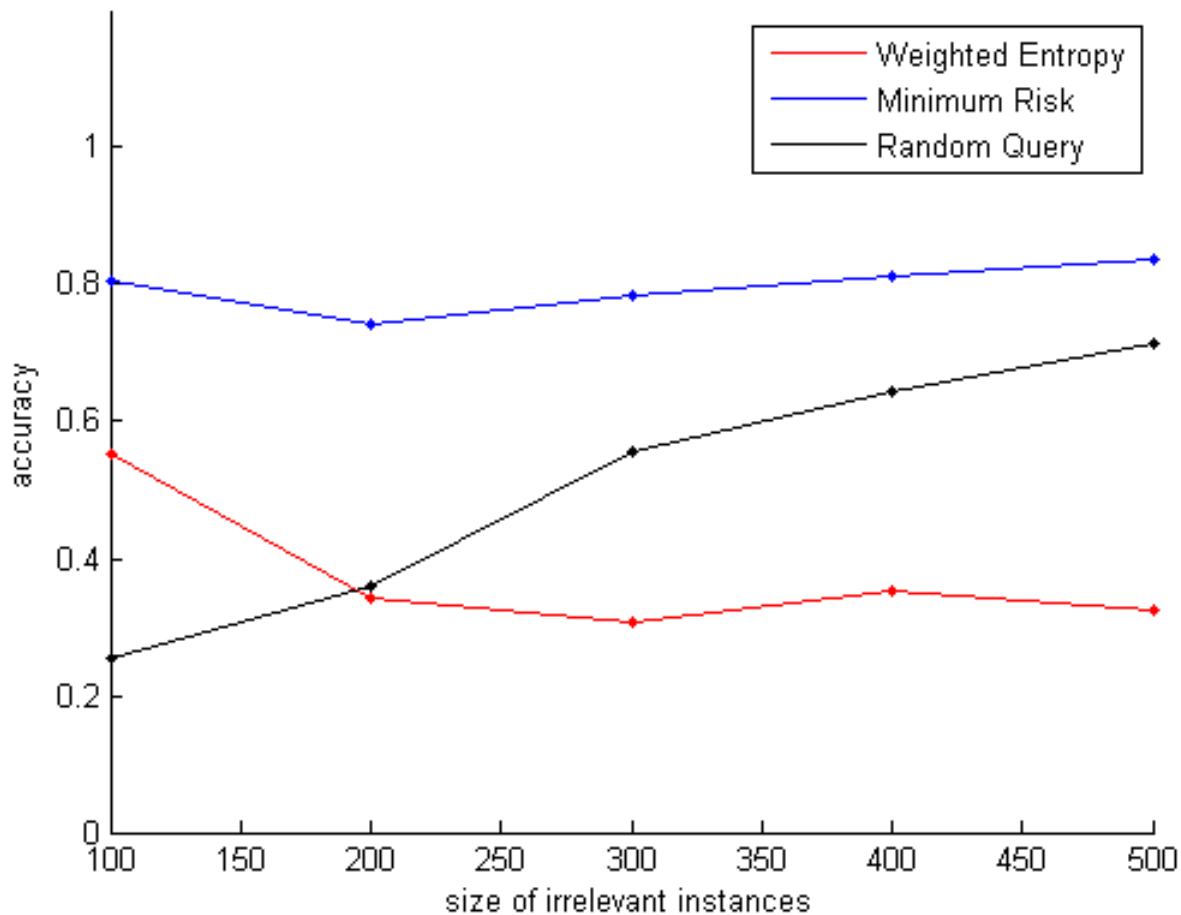


Experiment Result



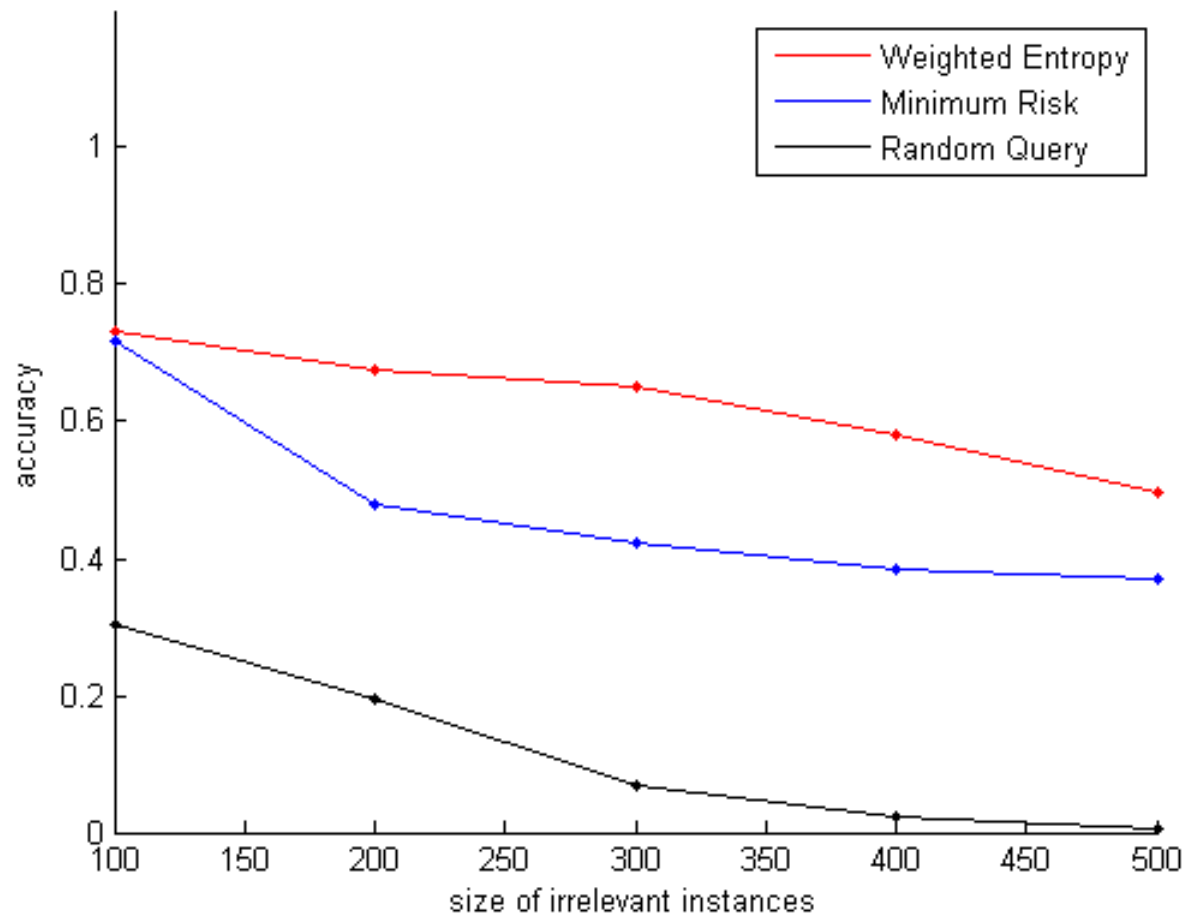
Experiment Result

after 20 queries, -all accuracy, lambda=0.01, RBF = 0.05



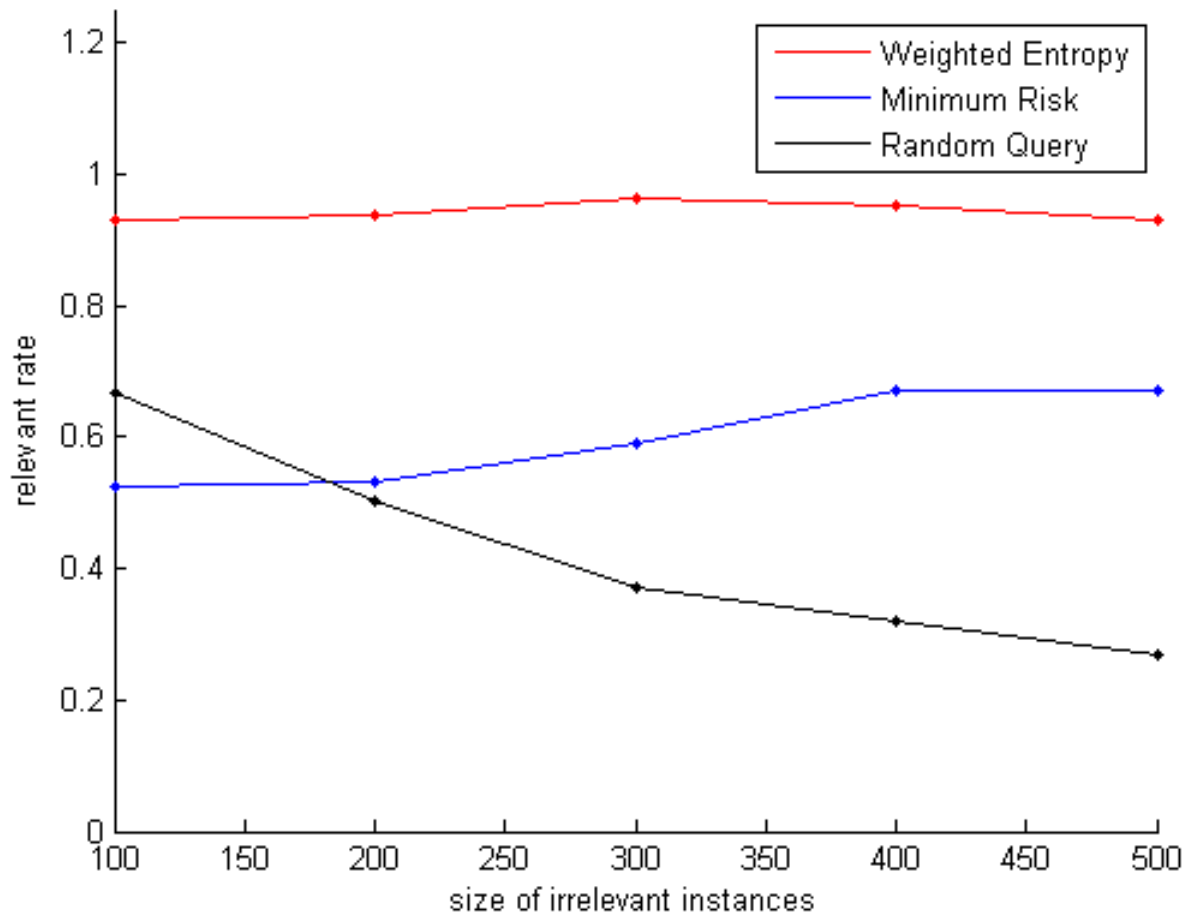
Experiment Result

after 20 queries, -relevant accuracy, $\lambda=0.01$, RBF = 0.05



Experiment Result

average query irrelevant rate, $\lambda=0.01$, RBF = 0.05





Experiment Result

- To be continue...
 - adding a threshold to filter all irrelevant data
 - more data set



Thanks
